

AAA	Abdominal Trauma	Focused Cardiac	Lower Extremity DVT	Hepatobiliary & Spleen	Lung
A. Fusiform Aneurysm B. Saccular Aneurysm C. Infrarenal Aneurysm D. Normal Abdominal Aorta Findings E. Aortic Dissection F. Suspected Aortic Rupture G. Endoleak H. Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm	A. (+) Positive for Free Intraperitoneal Fluid B. (-) Negative for Free Intraperitoneal Fluid C. Pleural Effusion D. Pericardial Effusion E. Retroperitoneal hemorrhage F. Splenic laceration G. Liver laceration H. Subcapsular renal hematoma I. Pneumoperitoneum	A. Right Heart Strain OR Pulmonary Embolism B. Dilated Cardiomyopathy C. Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy D. Pericardial Effusion E. Pleural Effusion F. Tamponade G. Decompensated Systolic Heart Failure H. Hypovolemia I. Severe Acute Valvular Disease J. Cardiac Standstill K. Aortic Root Abnormalities L. Large Thrombus M. No sonographic cardiac abnormalities present N. Systolic Heart Failure O. Gross Intercardiac Masses	A. Common femoral DVT B. Deep femoral DVT C. Great saphenous vein thrombosis D. Femoral vein of the thigh DVT E. Popliteal DVT F. Common femoral DVT and great saphenous vein thrombosis G. Popliteal DVT and femoral vein of the thigh DVT H. Common femoral DVT and Popliteal DVT I. Baker's Cyst J. No venous abnormalities are present K. Great saphenous vein thrombosis and common femoral DVT L. Great saphenous vein thrombosis and common femoral DVT and popliteal M. Popliteal DVT and superficial femoral vein DVT	A. Abnormal mass/tumor – liver B. Abnormal mass/tumor – spleen C. Abscess(es) – liver D. Abscess(es) – spleen E. Acute cholecystitis F. Bile duct obstruction G. Biliary sludge H. Choledocholithiasis I. Cholelithiasis J. Cirrhosis K. Fatty liver L. Fluid-filled cyst(s) – liver M. Fluid-filled cyst(s) – spleen N. Free fluid - liver O. Free fluid - spleen P. Hepatomegaly Q. Intraparenchymal hematoma with free fluid R. Intraparenchymal hematoma(s) without free fluid S. No sonographic abnormalities present T. Ruptured spleen U. Splenomegaly V. Subcapsular hematoma(s) W. Gangrenous cholecystitis	A. Pneumothorax B. Pleural effusion, simple C. Pleural effusion, complex D. Diffuse interstitial syndrome with spared areas E. Diffuse interstitial syndrome without spared areas F. Diffuse interstitial syndrome G. Focal interstitial and/or partial alveolar syndrome H. Consolidation with dynamic air bronchogram I. Consolidation without dynamic air bronchogram J. Lung ultrasound is normal, obstructive lung disease is likely K. Lung ultrasound is normal, further testing is required L. It is not possible to make a diagnosis with the information provided
Gastrointestinal	Renal Genitourinary	MSK Soft Tissue	OB/1st Trimester	IVC	Resuscitation
A. Appendicitis B. Hernia C. Pneumoperitoneum D. Ascites E. Abscess F. No sonographic abnormalities present G. Intra-abdominal bleeding H. Small bowel obstruction	A. Bilateral hydronephrosis B. Unilateral hydronephrosis C. Bladder blood clots D. Bladder mass E. Complex renal cyst(s) F. Simple renal cyst(s) G. Intrarenal calculus H. Misplacement of the urinary catheter I. Nephrolithiasis J. Obstructed urinary catheter K. Polycystic kidney disease L. Renal mass M. Ureterolithiasis N. Ureteropelvic junction calculus O. Ureterovesicle junction calculus P. Urinary Retention	A. Cellulitis B. Abscess C. Foreign body D. Ganglion cyst E. Muscle tear F. Necrotizing fasciitis G. Reactive lymph nodes	A. Complete abortion B. Early pregnancy C. Ectopic pregnancy D. Definitive pregnancy failure or possible pregnancy failure E. Heterotopic pregnancy F. Incomplete abortion G. Intrauterine pregnancy, single gestation H. Molar pregnancy I. Intrauterine pregnancy, multiple gestation J. Ovarian torsion	A. Hypovolemic shock B. Distributive shock C. Obstructive shock D. Cardiac pump failure	A. Cardiac tamponade B. True PEA: Cardiac standstill C. Pseudo PEA: Pulseless myocardial activity D. Ventricular fibrillation E. Pulmonary embolus F. Hypovolemic shock G. Pneumothorax H. Cardiogenic shock I. Ruptured abdominal aortic aneurysm J. Pleural effusion/hemothorax K. Distributive shock L. Hemoperitoneum M. No sonographic abnormalities present